

General Description

- Trench Power AlphaSGT™ technology
- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Gate Charge
- Optimized for fast-switching applications

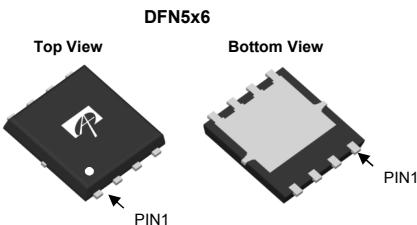
Applications

- Synchronous Rectification in DC/DC and AC/DC Converters
- Industrial and Motor Drive applications

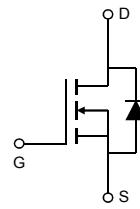
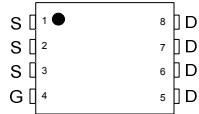
Product Summary

V_{DS}	45V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	100A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 1.15mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$)	< 1.85mΩ

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested



Top View



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AON6152	DFN 5x6	Tape & Reel	3000

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	45	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_D	100	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		100	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	400	
Continuous Drain Current	I_{DSM}	58	A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		47	
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AS}	60	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.3mH$ ^C	E_{AS}	540	mJ
V_{DS} Spike ^I	V_{SPIKE}	54	V
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	208	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		83	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	7.3	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		4.7	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$t \leq 10s$	$R_{\theta JA}$	14	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}	Steady-State		40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.45	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	45			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=45\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			1	μA
			$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			±100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	1.8	2.3	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		0.9	1.15	$\text{m}\Omega$
			$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		1.5	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		1.3	1.85	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		100		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.66	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current ^G				100	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=22.5\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	6800	8500	10200	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		780	1120	1460	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		25	90	155	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	f=1MHz	0.6	1.2	1.8	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=22.5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		110	155	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			48	70	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			24		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			7.5		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=22.5\text{V}, R_L=1.125\Omega, R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		16		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			6		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			75		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			6.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dl/dt=400\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		25		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dl/dt=400\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		74		nC

- A. The value of R_{QJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $R_{QJA} \leq 10\text{s}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.
- B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
- C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.
- D. The R_{QJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{QJC} and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
- F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
- G. The maximum current rating is package limited.
- H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.
- I. The spike duty cycle 5% max in every frequency period, limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=125^\circ\text{C}$.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

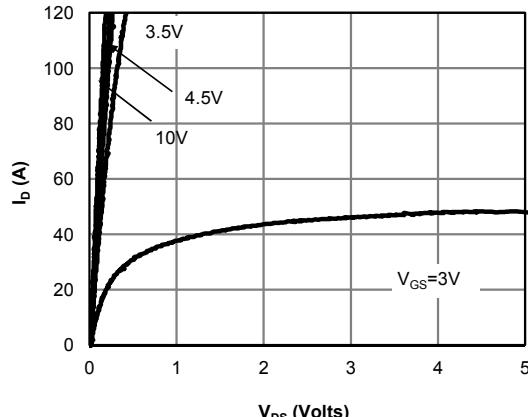


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

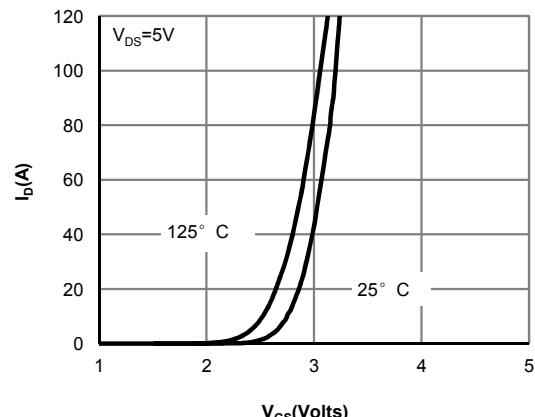


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

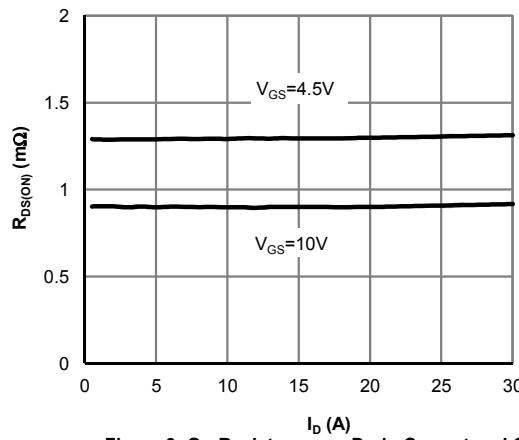


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

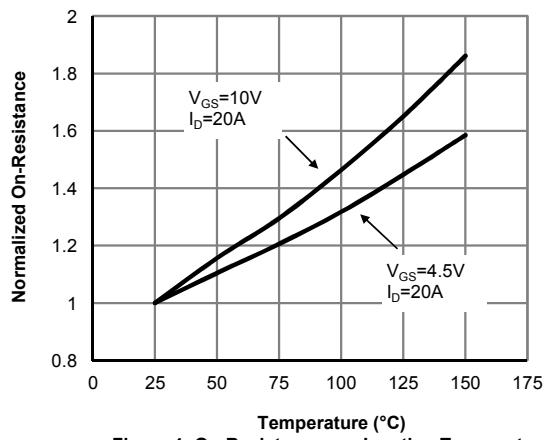


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

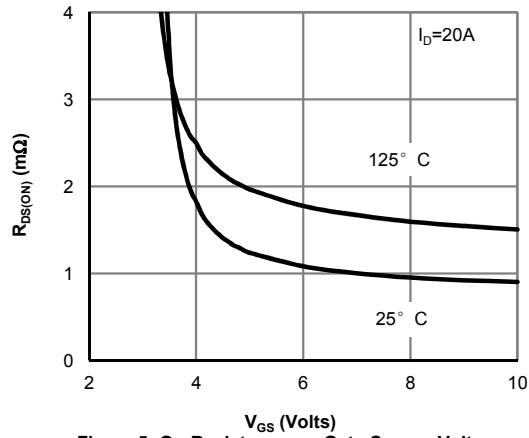


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

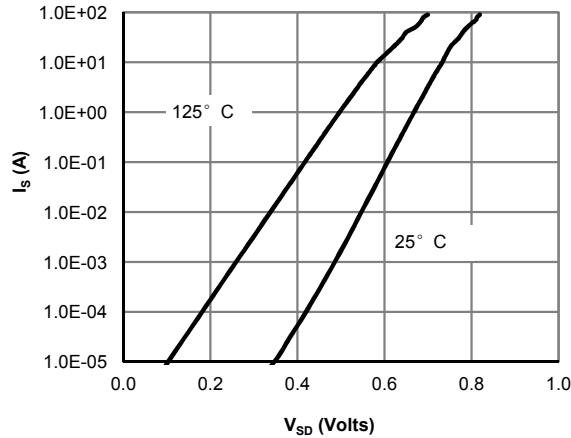


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

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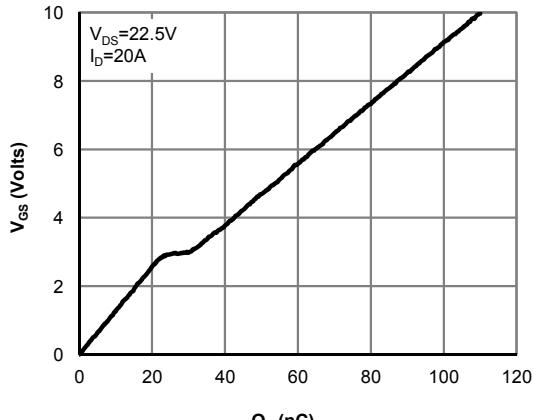


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

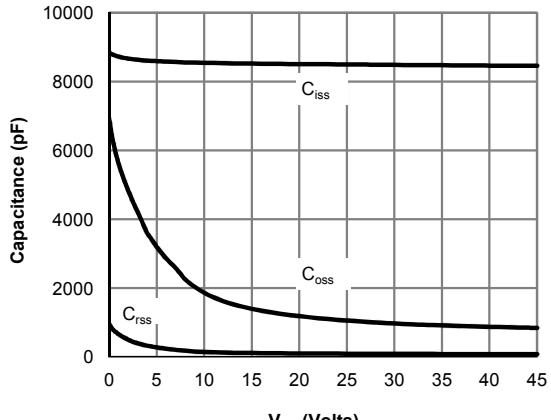


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

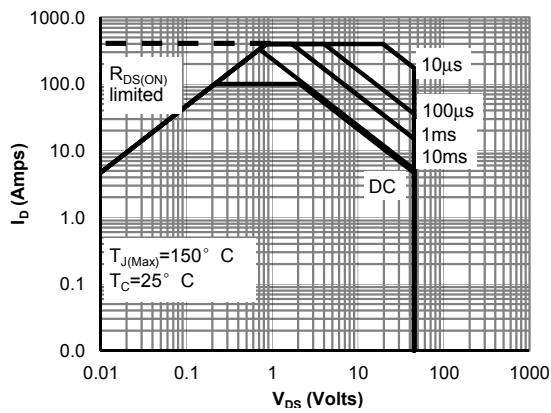


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

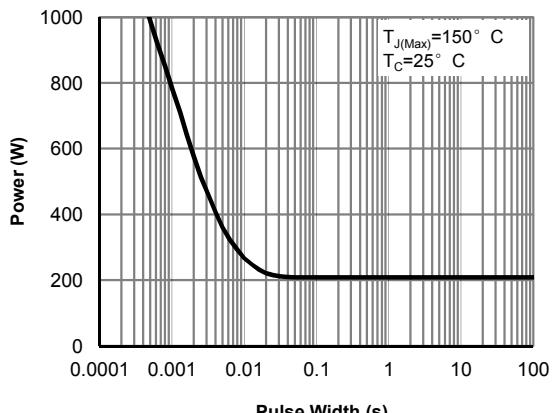


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

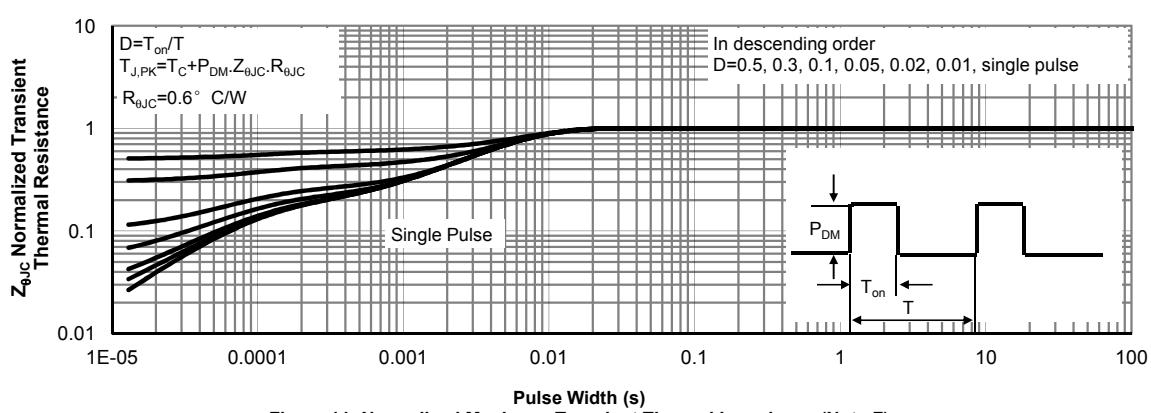


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

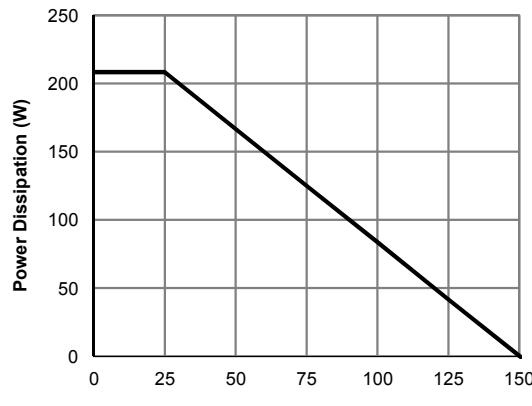


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

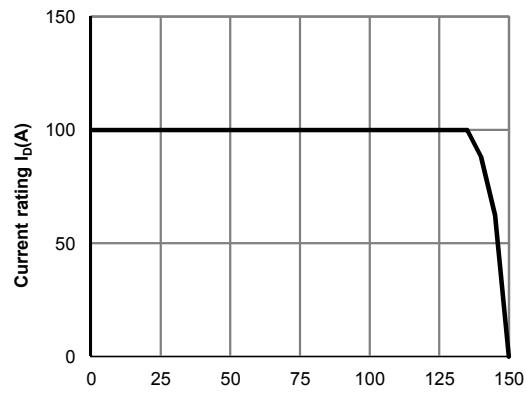


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

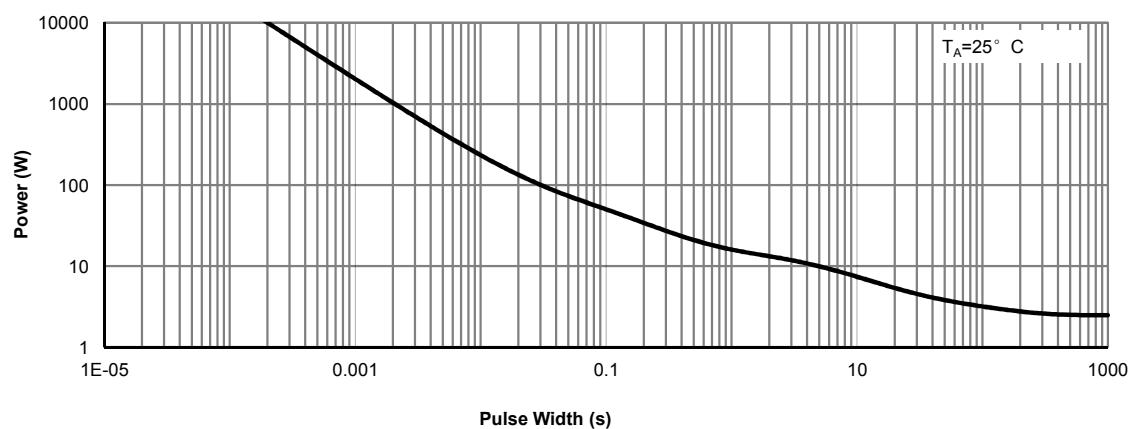


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

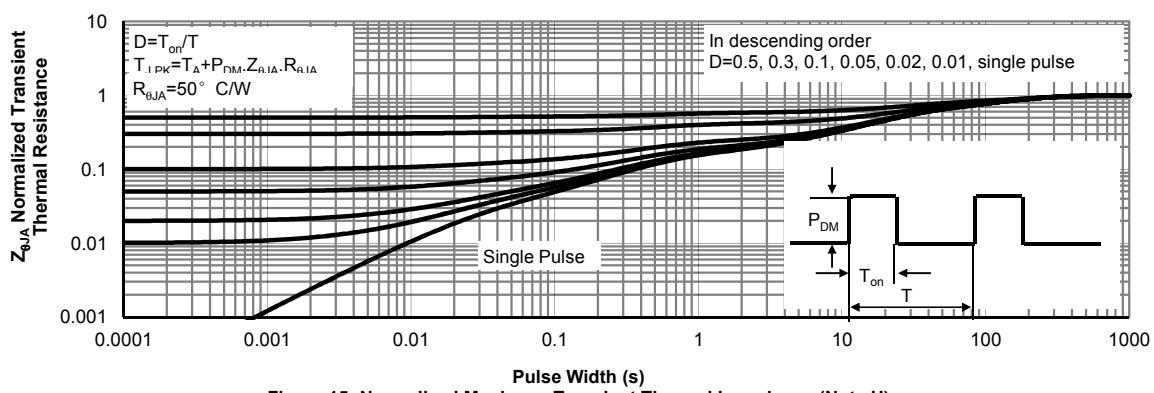


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

