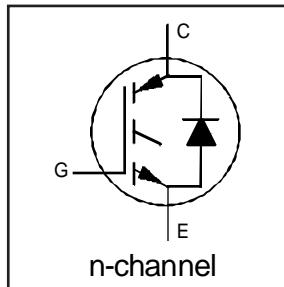


**INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR
WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE**

Fast CoPack IGBT

Features

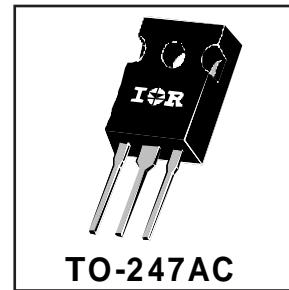
- Switching-loss rating includes all "tail" losses
- HEXFRED™ soft ultrafast diodes
- Optimized for medium operating frequency (1 to 10kHz) See Fig. 1 for Current vs. Frequency curve



$V_{CES} = 600V$
$V_{CE(sat)} \leq 2.1V$
@ $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 17A$

Description

Co-packaged IGBTs are a natural extension of International Rectifier's well known IGBT line. They provide the convenience of an IGBT and an ultrafast recovery diode in one package, resulting in substantial benefits to a host of high-voltage, high-current, motor control, UPS and power supply applications.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	31	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	17	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	120	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	120	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	12	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	120	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	100	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	42	
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw.	10 lbf·in (1.1 Nm)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	-----	-----	1.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	-----	-----	2.5	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	-----	0.24	-----	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	-----	-----	40	
Wt	Weight	-----	6 (0.21)	-----	g (oz)

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	----	----	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{CES}/\Delta T_J}$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	0.69	----	----	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0\text{mA}$
$V_{CE(\text{on})}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	1.8	2.1	----	V	$I_C = 17\text{A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$
		2.4	----	----		$I_C = 31\text{A}$ See Fig. 2, 5
		2.2	----	----		$I_C = 17\text{A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	----	5.5	----	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{GE(\text{th})/\Delta T_J}$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	-11	----	----	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ④	6.1	10	----	S	$V_{CE} = 100\text{V}, I_C = 17\text{A}$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	----	----	250	μA	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$
		----	----	2500		$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, V_{CE} = 600\text{V}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	1.4	1.7	----	V	$I_C = 12\text{A}$ See Fig. 13
		1.3	1.6	----		$I_C = 12\text{A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	----	----	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{V}$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	----	27	30	nC	$I_C = 17\text{A}$
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	----	4.1	5.9		$V_{CC} = 400\text{V}$
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	----	12	15		See Fig. 8
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	----	72	----	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	----	75	----		$I_C = 17\text{A}, V_{CC} = 480\text{V}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	----	300	450		$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, R_G = 23\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	----	220	350		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery. See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	----	0.9	----	mJ	
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	----	2.1	----		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	----	3.0	4.6		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	----	70	----		$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
t_r	Rise Time	----	75	----	ns	$I_C = 17\text{A}, V_{CC} = 480\text{V}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	----	420	----		$V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, R_G = 23\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	----	480	----		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	----	4.7	----		See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 18
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	----	13	----	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	----	670	----	pF	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	----	100	----		$V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	----	10	----		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ See Fig. 7
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	----	42	60	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 14
		----	80	120		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 14
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	----	3.5	6.0	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 15
		----	5.6	10		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 15
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	----	80	180	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 16
		----	220	600		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 16
μs	$d_{(rec)M}/dt$ Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery	----	----	----		$\text{di}/\text{dt} = 200\text{A}/180$
		$A/\mu\text{s}$	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	See Fig.		During t_b 120

Notes:

$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ 17

① Repetitive rating; $V_{GE}=20\text{V}$, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
(See fig. 20)

② $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES}), V_{GE}=20\text{V}, L=10\mu\text{H}, R_G = 23\Omega$, (See fig. 19)

③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu\text{s}$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.

④ Pulse width $5.0\mu\text{s}$, single shot.

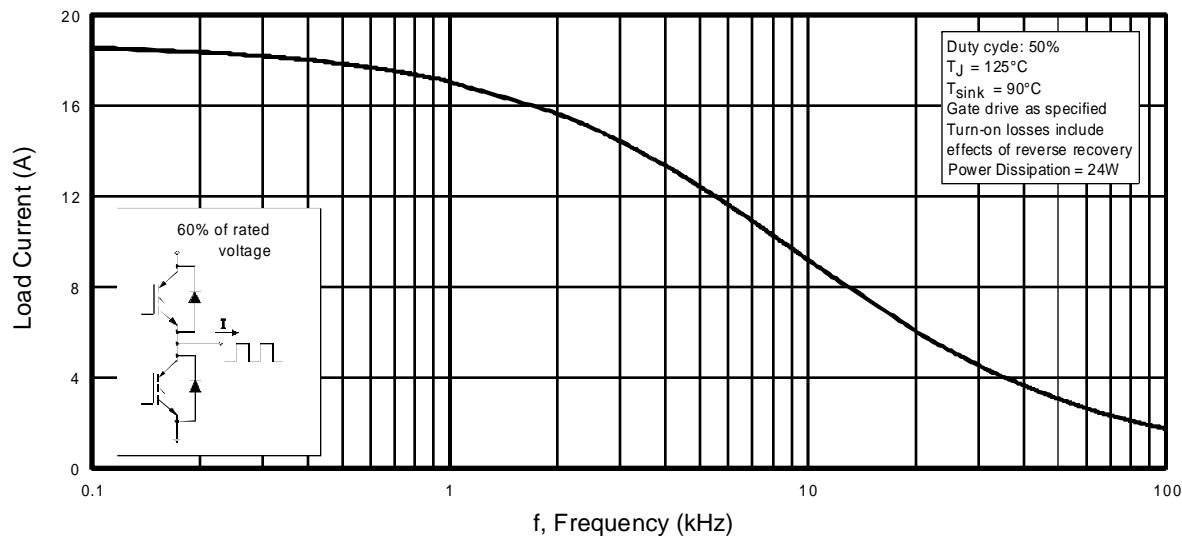


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

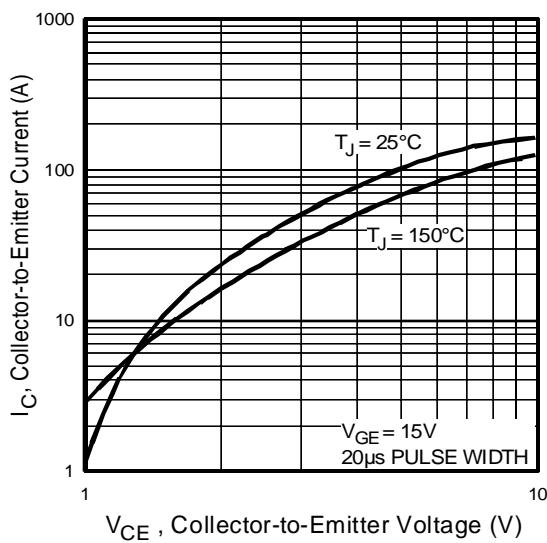


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

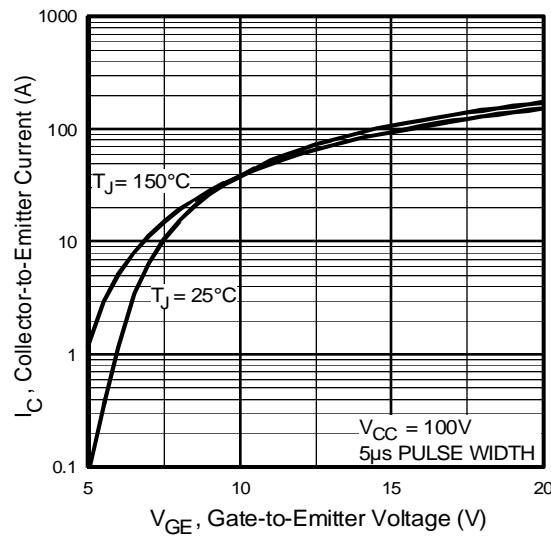


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

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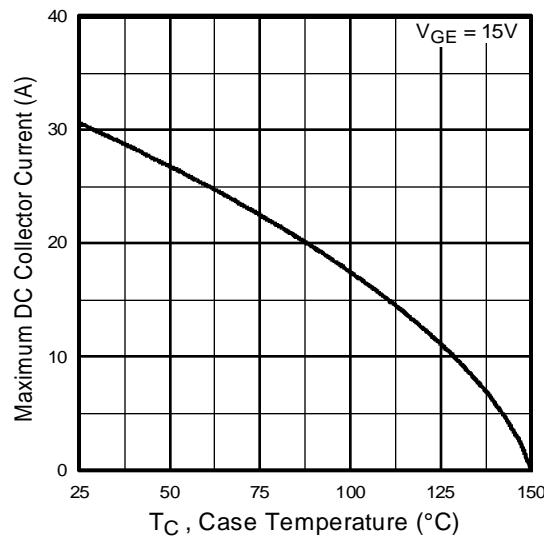


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

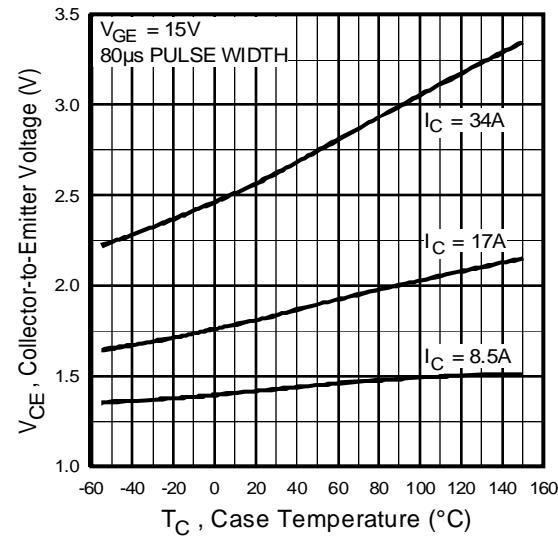


Fig. 5 - Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Case Temperature

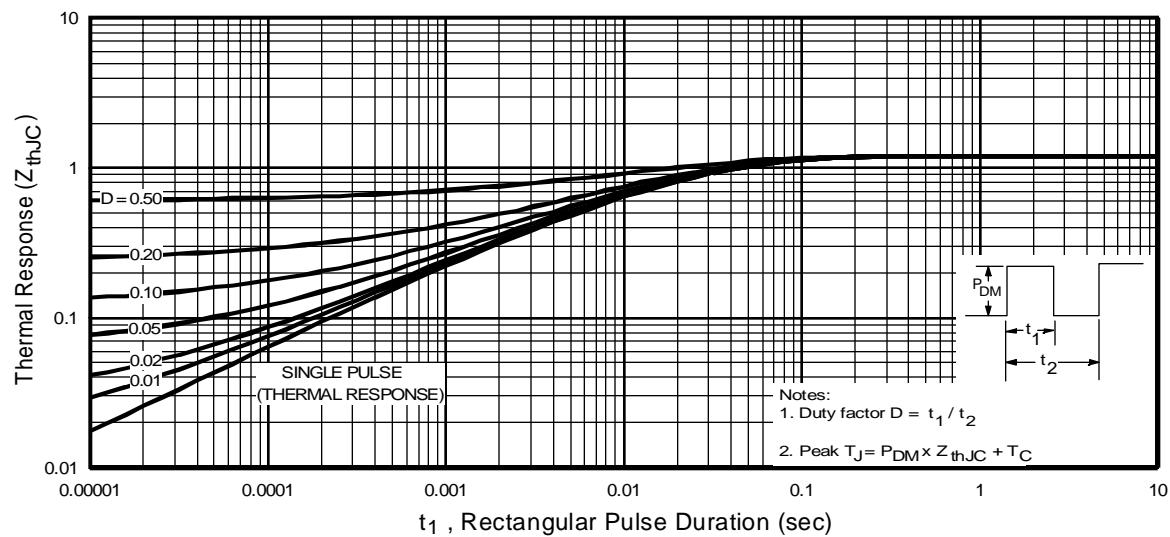


Fig. 6 - Maximum IGBT Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

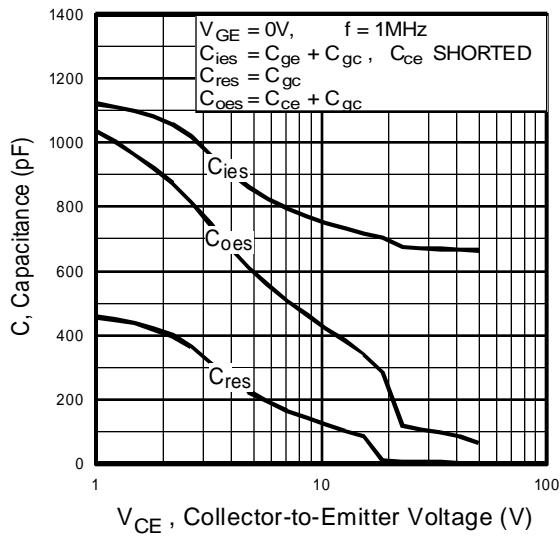


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs.
Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

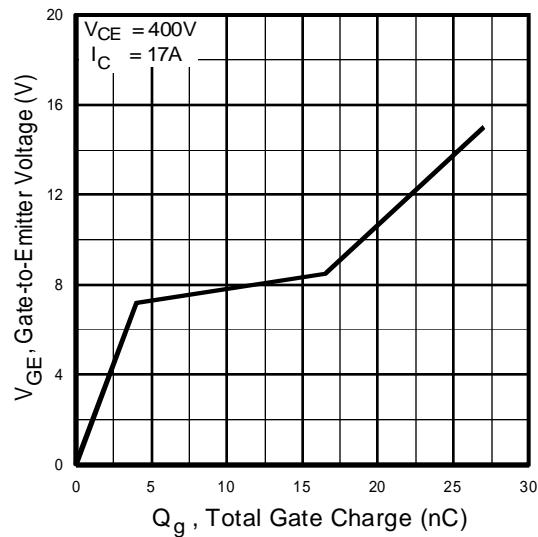


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs.
Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

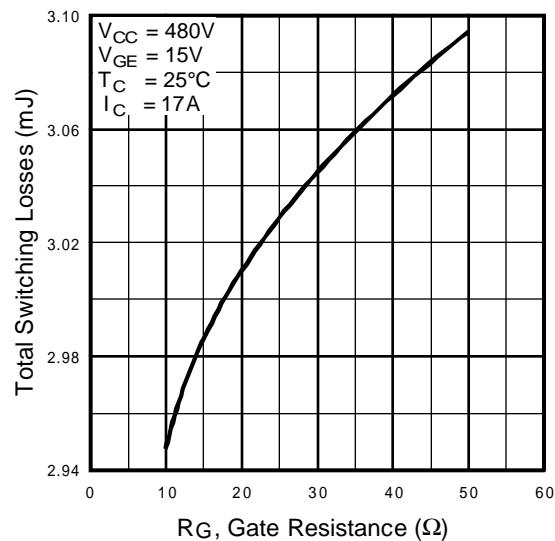


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate
Resistance

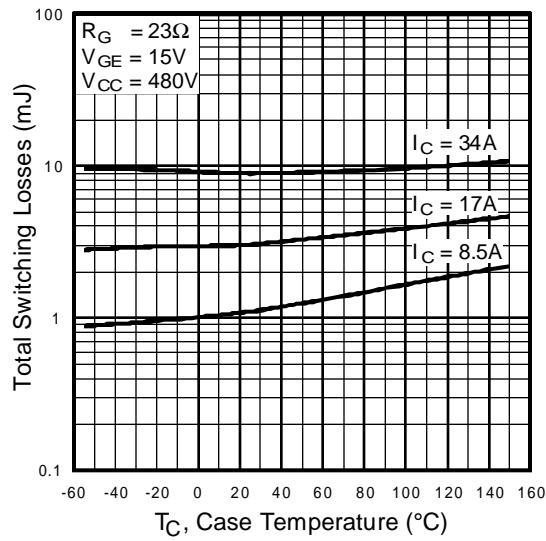


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs.
Case Temperature

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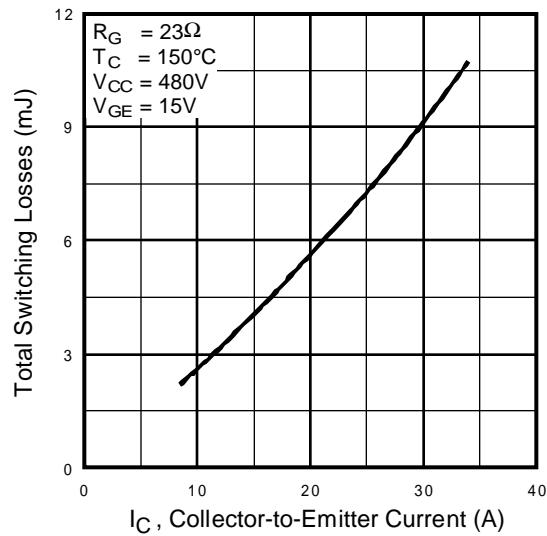


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

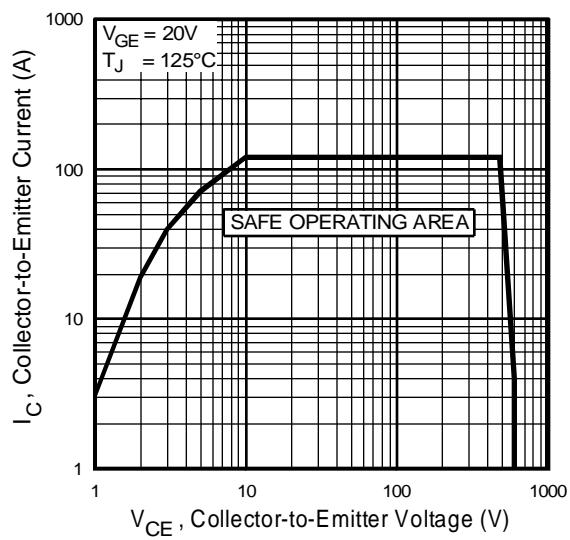


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

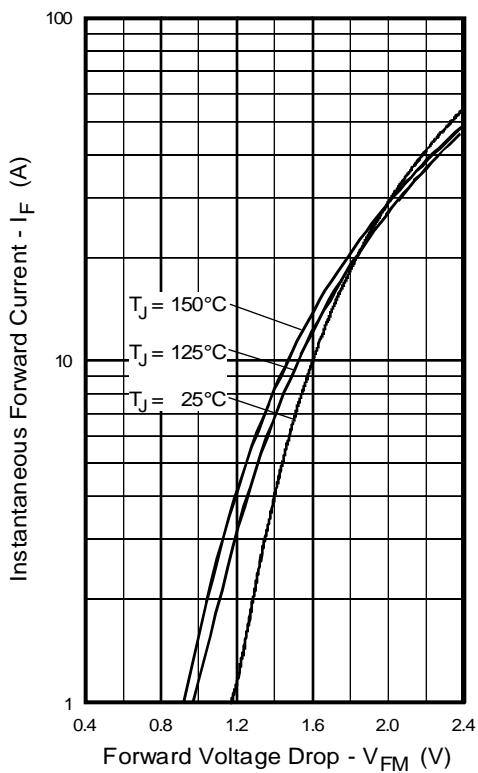


Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current

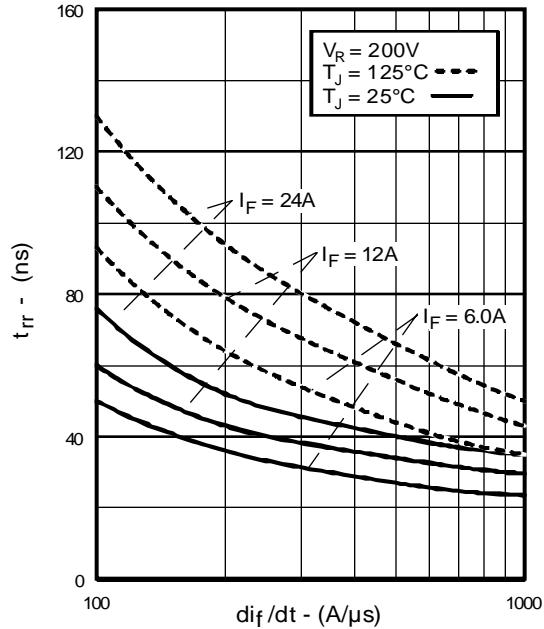


Fig. 14 - Typical Reverse Recovery vs. di_f/dt

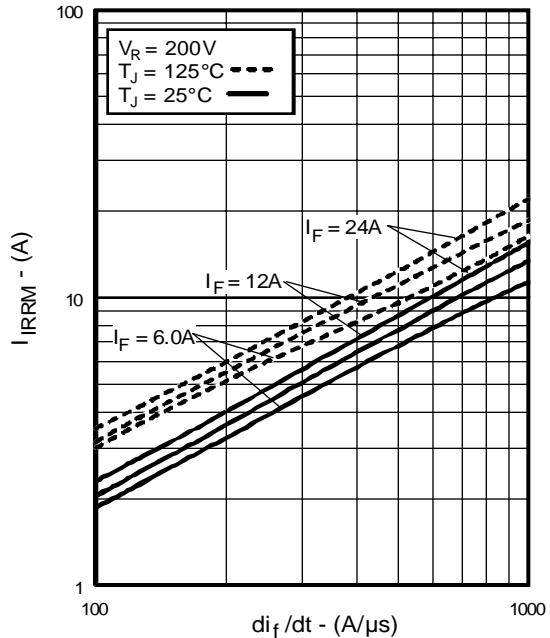


Fig. 15 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt

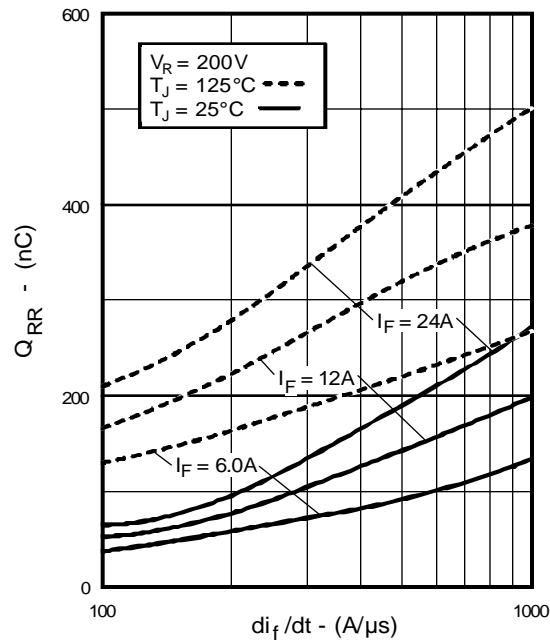


Fig. 16 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

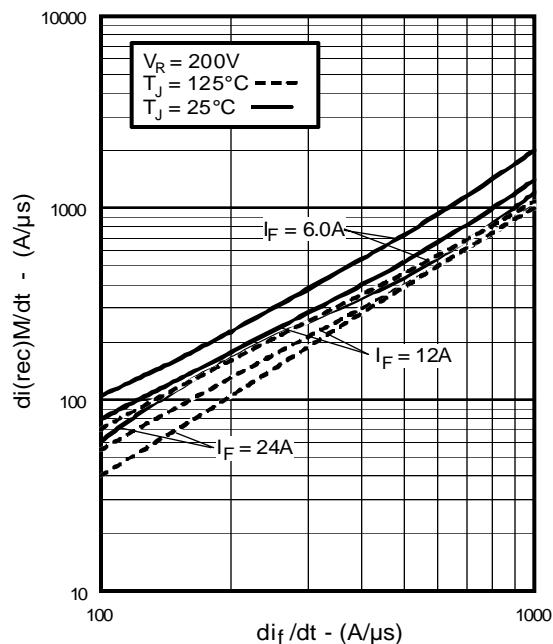


Fig. 17 - Typical $di_{(rec)}M/dt$ vs. di_f/dt

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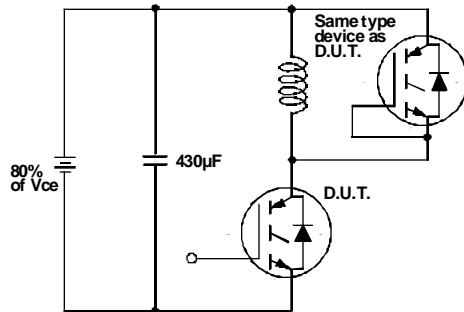


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of
 I_{LM} , E_{on} , $E_{off(diode)}$, t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_d(on)$, t_r , $t_d(off)$, t_f

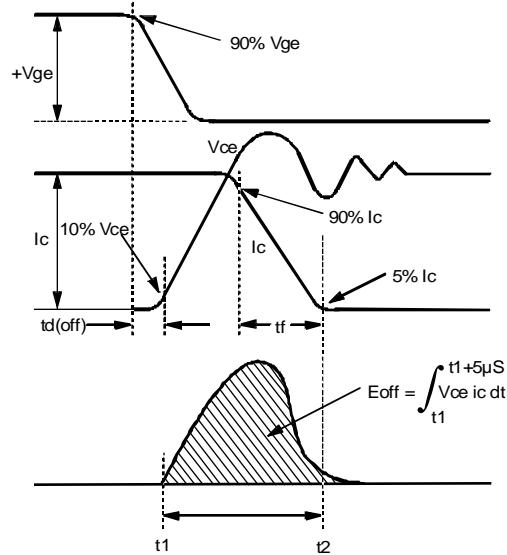


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining
 E_{off} , $t_d(off)$, t_f

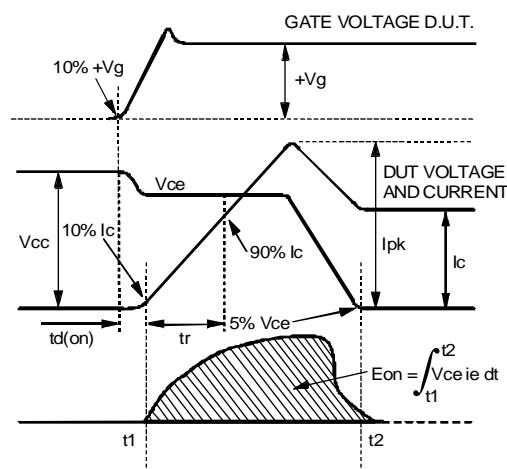


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a,
Defining E_{on} , $t_{d(on)}$, t_r

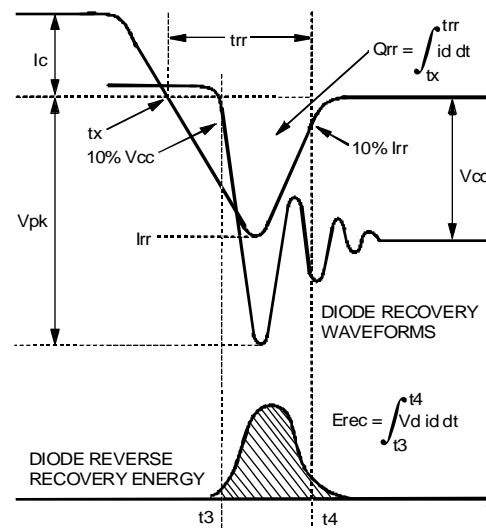


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a,
Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

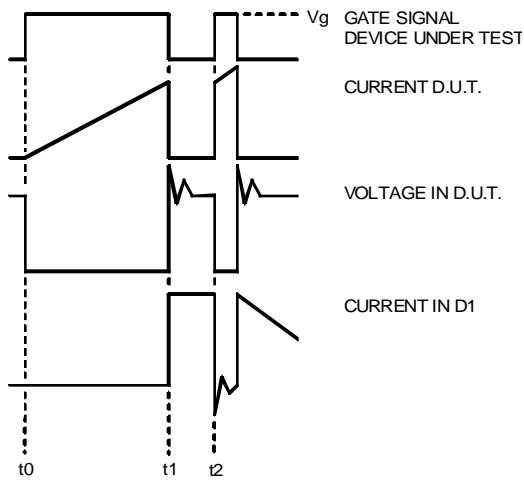


Fig. 18e - Macro Waveforms for Test Circuit of Fig. 18a

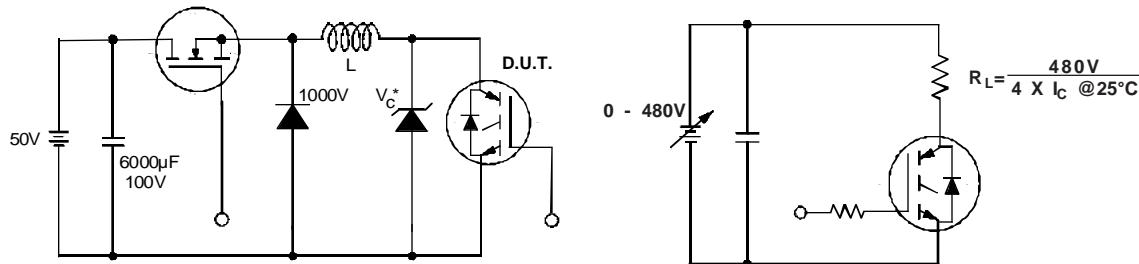
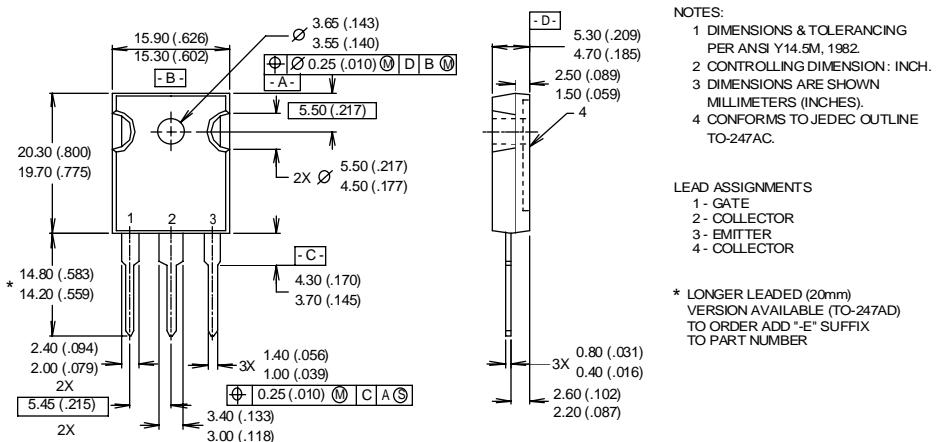


Fig. 19 - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

Fig. 20 - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit



CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC (TO-3P)
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)