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FDS5672

N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

60V, 12A, 10mΩ

Features

- $r_{DS(ON)} = 10m\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 10V$, $I_D = 12A$
- $r_{DS(ON)} = 14m\Omega$, $V_{GS} = 6V$, $I_D = 10A$
- High performance trench technology for extremely low $r_{DS(ON)}$
- Low gate charge
- High power and current handling capability

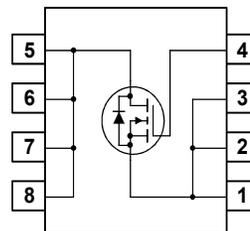
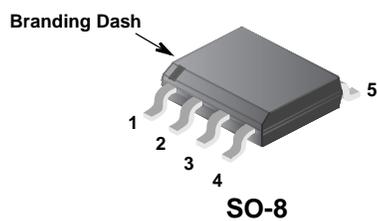
Applications

- DC/DC converters

General Description

This N-Channel MOSFET has been designed specifically to improve the overall efficiency of DC/DC converters using either synchronous or conventional switching PWM controllers. It has been optimized for low gate charge, low $r_{DS(ON)}$ and fast switching speed.

FDS5672 N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET



MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain to Source Voltage	60	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	± 20	V
I_D	Drain Current		
	Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $R_{\theta JA} = 50^\circ\text{C/W}$)	12	A
	Continuous ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} = 6\text{V}$, $R_{\theta JA} = 50^\circ\text{C/W}$)	10	
	Pulsed	Figure 4	A
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	245	mJ
P_D	Power dissipation	2.5	W
	Derate above 25°C	20	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Note 2)	25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient at 10 seconds (Note 3)	50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient at 1000 seconds (Note 3)	85	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDS5672	FDS5672	SO-8	330mm	12mm	2500 units

Electrical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Off Characteristics

B_{VDSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	60	-	-	V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 50\text{V}$ $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	1	μA
		$T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	250	
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	± 100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(TH)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$	2	-	4	V
$r_{DS(ON)}$	Drain to Source On Resistance	$I_D = 12\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$	-	0.0088	0.010	Ω
		$I_D = 10\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 6\text{V}$,	-	0.012	0.014	
		$I_D = 12\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.016	0.023	

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{ISS}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	2200	-	pF
C_{OSS}	Output Capacitance		-	410	-	pF
C_{RSS}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		-	130	-	pF
R_G	Gate Resistance	$V_{GS} = 0.5\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	1.4	-	Ω
$Q_{g(TOT)}$	Total Gate Charge at 10V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ to 10V	-	34	45	nC
$Q_{g(TH)}$	Threshold Gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ to 2V	-	4.2	5.5	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge	$V_{DD} = 30\text{V}$ $I_D = 12\text{A}$ $I_g = 1.0\text{mA}$	-	9.4	-	nC
Q_{gs2}	Gate Charge Threshold to Plateau		-	5.2	-	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge		-	9.3	-	nC

Resistive Switching Characteristics ($V_{GS} = 10V$)

t_{ON}	Turn-On Time	$V_{DD} = 30V, I_D = 12A$ $V_{GS} = 10V, R_{GS} = 9.1\Omega$	-	-	50	ns
$t_{d(ON)}$	Turn-On Delay Time		-	13	-	ns
t_r	Rise Time		-	20	-	ns
$t_{d(OFF)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		-	35	-	ns
t_f	Fall Time		-	14	-	ns
t_{OFF}	Turn-Off Time		-	-	64	ns

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Voltage	$I_{SD} = 12A$	-	-	1.25	V
		$I_{SD} = 6A$	-	-	1.0	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD}=12A, dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	39	ns
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	$I_{SD}=12A, dI_{SD}/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	-	40	nC

Notes:

- 1: Starting $T_J = 25^\circ C, L = 1mH, I_{AS} = 22A, V_{DD} = 60V, V_{GS} = 10V$.
- 2: $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined by the user's board design.
- 3: $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with 1.0 in² copper on FR-4 board.

Typical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

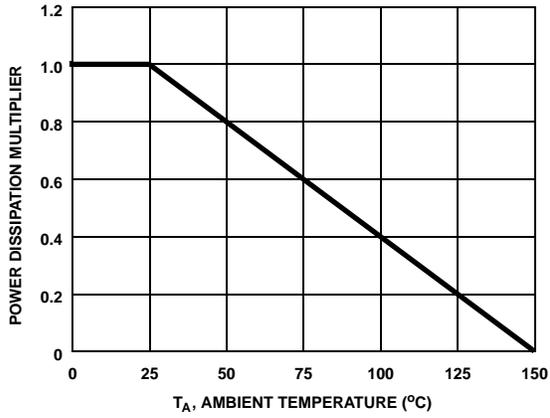


Figure 1. Normalized Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

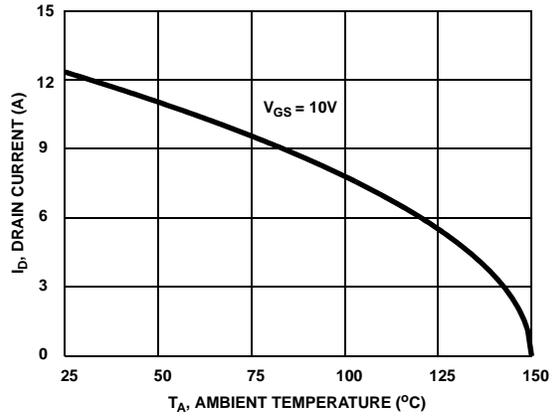


Figure 2. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Ambient Temperature

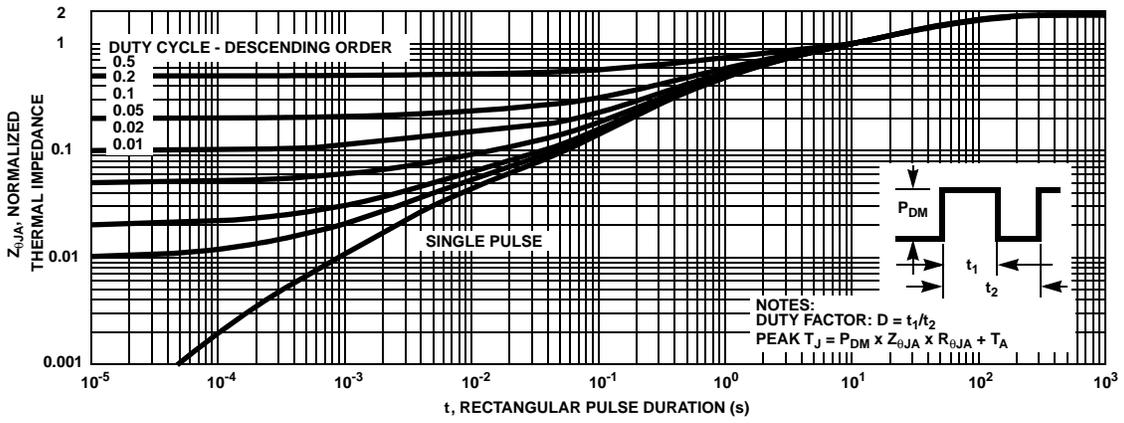


Figure 3. Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

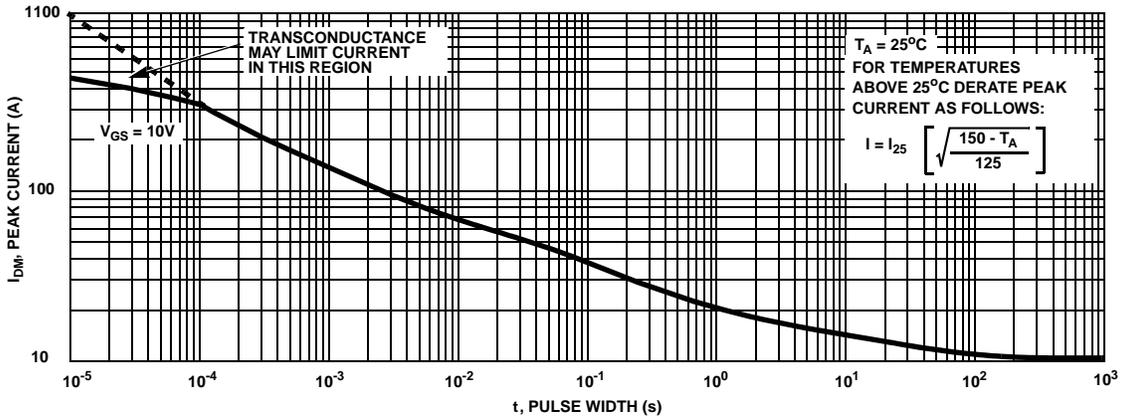


Figure 4. Peak Current Capability

Typical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

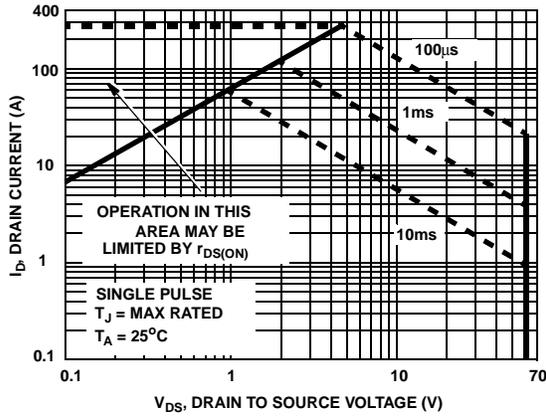
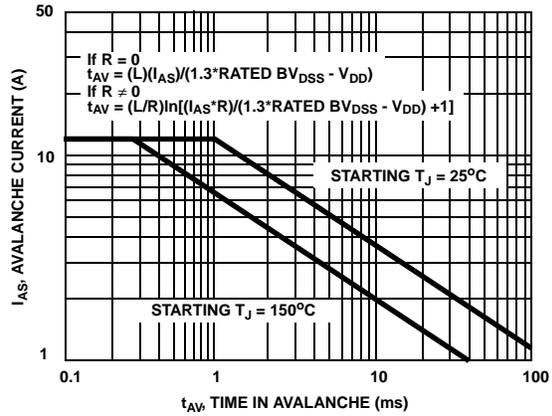


Figure 5. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area



NOTE: Refer to Fairchild Application Notes AN7514 and AN7515
Figure 6. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

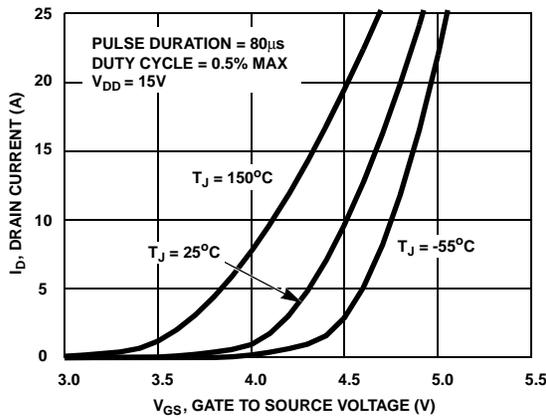


Figure 7. Transfer Characteristics

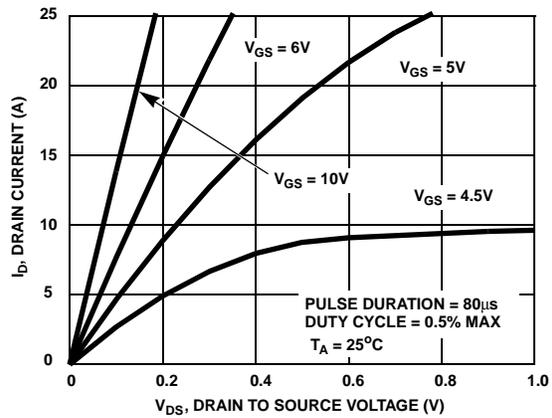


Figure 8. Saturation Characteristics

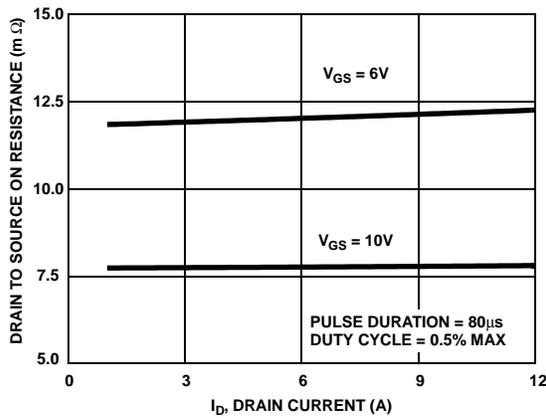


Figure 9. Drain to Source On Resistance vs Drain Current

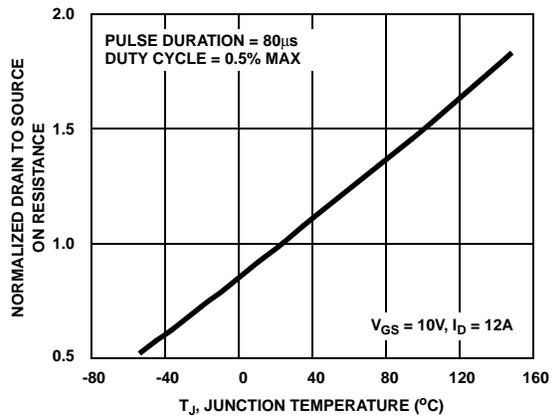


Figure 10. Normalized Drain to Source On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

Typical Characteristics $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

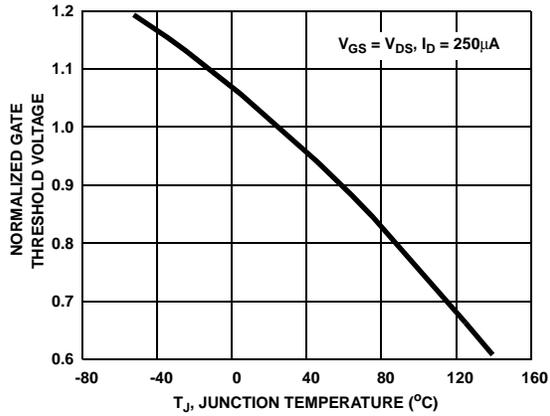


Figure 11. Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

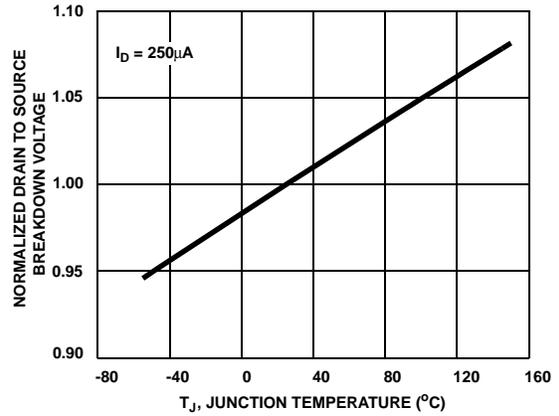


Figure 12. Normalized Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

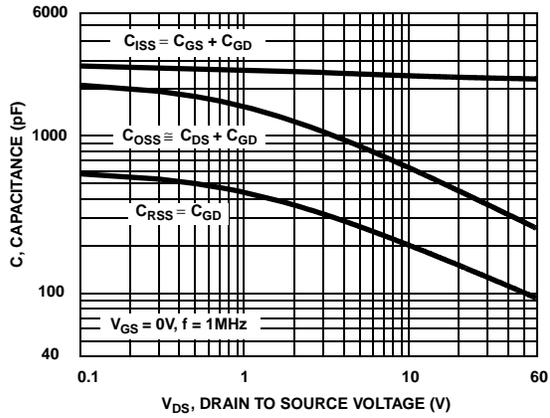


Figure 13. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

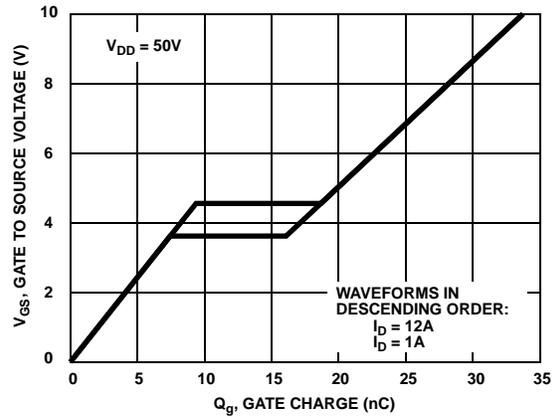


Figure 14. Gate Charge Waveforms for Constant Gate Currents

Test Circuits and Waveforms

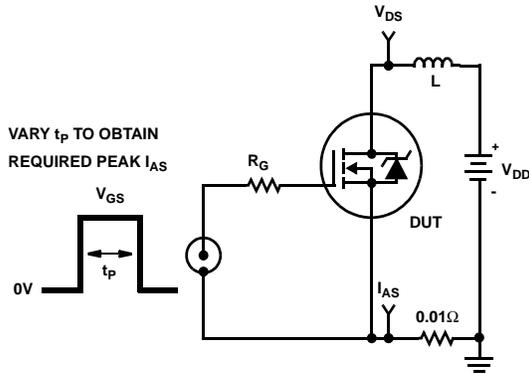


Figure 15. Unclamped Energy Test Circuit

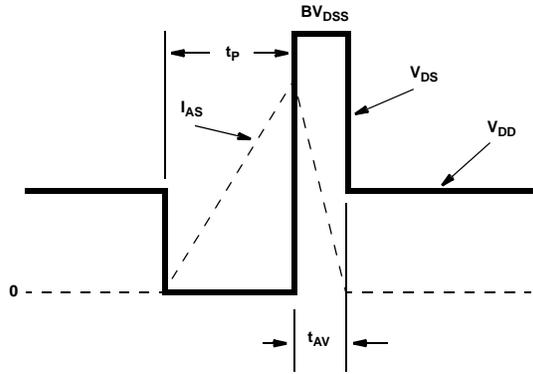


Figure 16. Unclamped Energy Waveforms

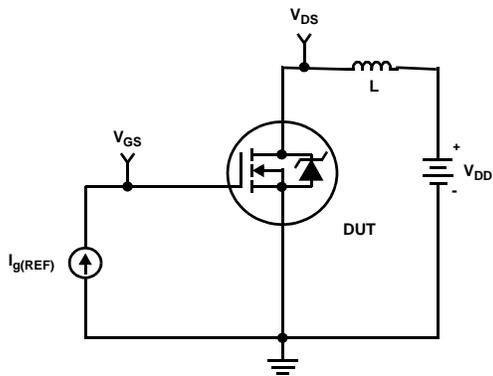


Figure 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

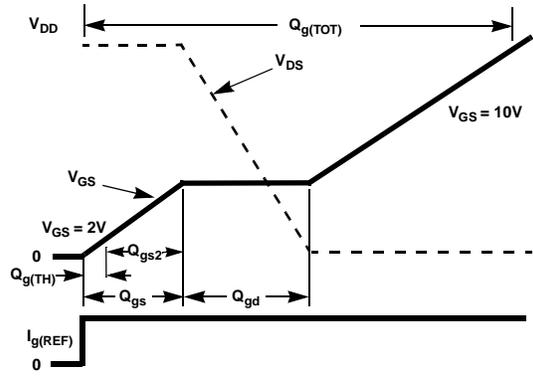


Figure 18. Gate Charge Waveforms

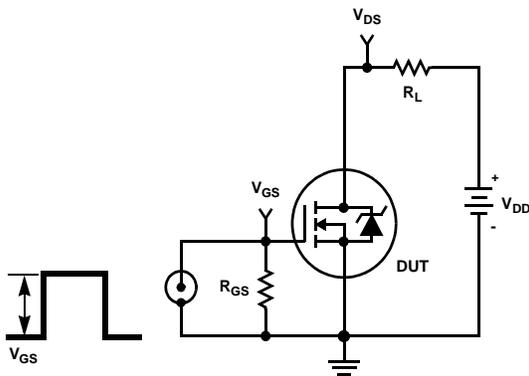


Figure 19. Switching Time Test Circuit

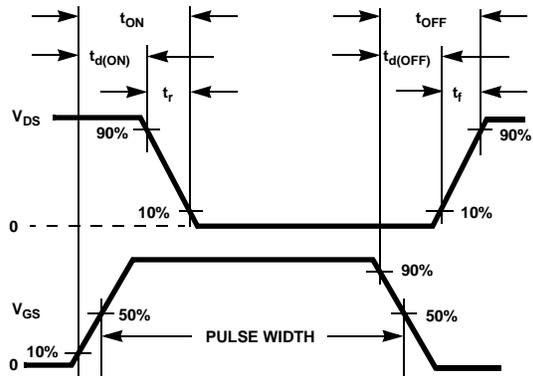


Figure 20. Switching Time Waveforms

Thermal Resistance vs. Mounting Pad Area

The maximum rated junction temperature, T_{JM} , and the thermal resistance of the heat dissipating path determines the maximum allowable device power dissipation, P_{DM} , in an application. Therefore the application's ambient temperature, T_A ($^{\circ}C$), and thermal resistance $R_{\theta JA}$ ($^{\circ}C/W$) must be reviewed to ensure that T_{JM} is never exceeded. Equation 1 mathematically represents the relationship and serves as the basis for establishing the rating of the part.

$$P_{DM} = \frac{(T_{JM} - T_A)}{R_{\theta JA}} \quad (\text{EQ. 1})$$

In using surface mount devices such as the SO8 package, the environment in which it is applied will have a significant influence on the part's current and maximum power dissipation ratings. Precise determination of P_{DM} is complex and influenced by many factors:

1. Mounting pad area onto which the device is attached and whether there is copper on one side or both sides of the board.
2. The number of copper layers and the thickness of the board.
3. The use of external heat sinks.
4. The use of thermal vias.
5. Air flow and board orientation.
6. For non steady state applications, the pulse width, the duty cycle and the transient thermal response of the part, the board and the environment they are in.

Fairchild provides thermal information to assist the designer's preliminary application evaluation. Figure 21 defines the $R_{\theta JA}$ for the device as a function of the top copper (component side) area. This is for a horizontally positioned FR-4 board with 1oz copper after 1000 seconds of steady state power with no air flow. This graph provides the necessary information for calculation of the steady state junction temperature or power dissipation. Pulse applications can be evaluated using the Fairchild device Spice thermal model or manually utilizing the normalized

maximum transient thermal impedance curve.

Thermal resistances corresponding to other copper areas can be obtained from Figure 21 or by calculation using Equation 2. The area, in square inches is the top copper area including the gate and source pads.

$$R_{\theta JA} = 64 + \frac{26}{0.23 + \text{Area}} \quad (\text{EQ. 2})$$

The transient thermal impedance ($Z_{\theta JA}$) is also effected by varied top copper board area. Figure 22 shows the effect of copper pad area on single pulse transient thermal impedance. Each trace represents a copper pad area in square inches corresponding to the descending list in the graph. Spice and SABER thermal models are provided for each of the listed pad areas.

Copper pad area has no perceivable effect on transient thermal impedance for pulse widths less than 100ms. For pulse widths less than 100ms the transient thermal impedance is determined by the die and package. Therefore, C THERM1 through C THERM5 and R THERM1 through R THERM5 remain constant for each of the thermal models. A listing of the model component values is available in Table 1.

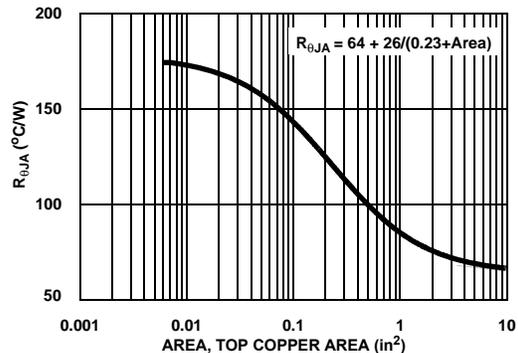


Figure 21. Thermal Resistance vs Mounting Pad Area

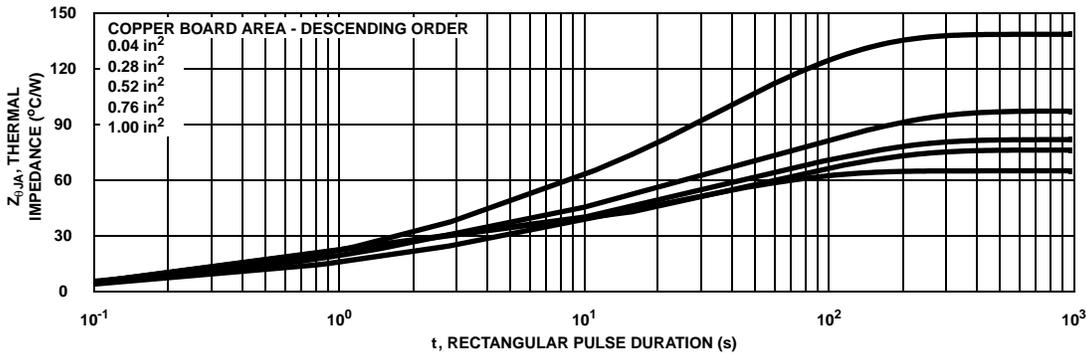


Figure 22. Thermal Impedance vs Mounting Pad Area

SABER Electrical Model

REV June 2005
 ttemplate FDS5672 n2,n1,n3
 electrical n2,n1,n3

```
{
var i iscl
dp..model dbodymod = (isl=4.5e-12,rs=4.7e-3,trs1=1.5e-3,trs2=2e-5,cjo=1.6e-9,m=0.55,tt=1.8e-8,xti=3.0)
dp..model dbreakmod = (rs=2.5,trs1=1e-4,trs2=1e-6)
dp..model dplcapmod = (cjo=6.0e-10,isl=10.0e-30,nl=10,m=0.45)
m..model mmedmod = (type=_n,vto=3.35,kp=4,is=1e-30,tox=1)
m..model mstrongmod = (type=_n,vto=3.93,kp=50,is=1e-30,tox=1)
m..model mweakmod = (type=_n,vto=2.82,kp=0.04,is=1e-30,tox=1,rs=0.1)
sw_vcsp..model s1amod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-4.0,voff=-2.0)
sw_vcsp..model s1bmod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-2.0,voff=-4.0)
sw_vcsp..model s2amod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=-0.5,voff=0)
sw_vcsp..model s2bmod = (ron=1e-5,roff=0.1,von=0,voff=-0.5)
c.ca n12 n8 = 7e-10
c.cb n15 n14 = 7e-10
c.cin n6 n8 = 2.2e-9
```

```
dp.dbody n7 n5 = model=dbodymod
dp.dbreak n5 n11 = model=dbreakmod
dp.dplcap n10 n5 = model=dplcapmod
```

```
spe.ebreak n11 n7 n17 n18 = 67
spe.eds n14 n8 n5 n8 = 1
spe.egs n13 n8 n6 n8 = 1
spe.esg n6 n10 n6 n8 = 1
spe.evthres n6 n21 n19 n8 = 1
spe.evtemp n20 n6 n18 n22 = 1
```

```
i.it n8 n17 = 1
```

```
l.lgate n1 n9 = 1.23e-9
l.ldrain n2 n5 = 1.0e-9
l.lsource n3 n7 = 0.18e-9
```

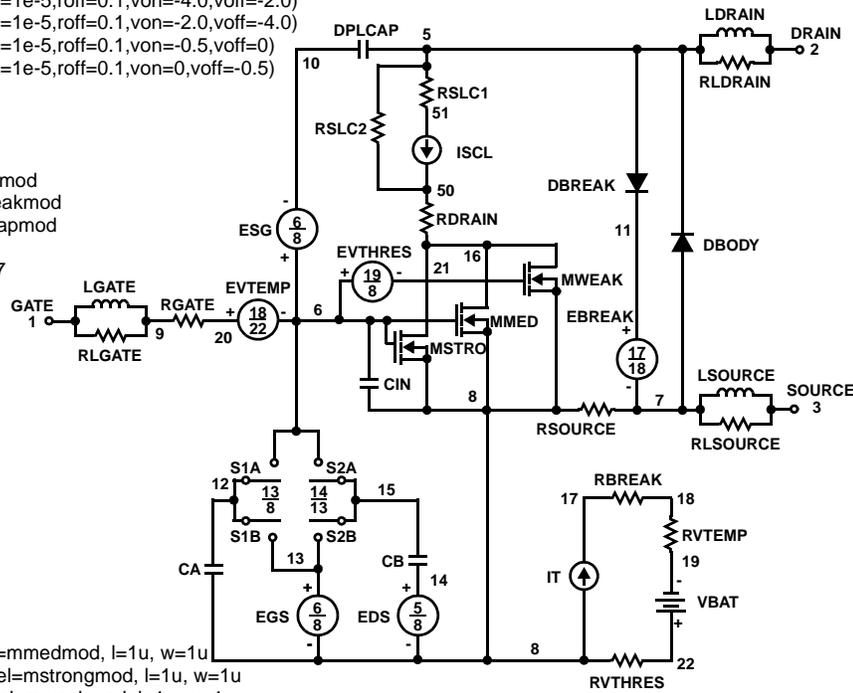
```
res.rlgate n1 n9 = 12.3
res.rldrain n2 n5 = 10
res.rlsource n3 n7 = 1.8
```

```
m.mmed n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mmedmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mstrong n16 n6 n8 n8 = model=mstrongmod, l=1u, w=1u
m.mweak n16 n21 n8 n8 = model=mweakmod, l=1u, w=1u
```

```
res.rbreak n17 n18 = 1, tc1=7e-4,tc2=-1.3e-7
res.rdrain n5 n16 = 1e-3, tc1=1e-4,tc2=1e-5
res.rgate n9 n20 = 1.4
res.rslc1 n5 n51 = 1e-6, tc1=1e-2,tc2=1e-7
res.rslc2 n5 n50 = 1e3
res.rsource n8 n7 = 3.2e-3, tc1=1e-2,tc2=1e-6
res.rvthres n22 n8 = 1, tc1=-3.9e-3,tc2=-1.4e-5
res.rvtemp n18 n19 = 1, tc1=-4e-3,tc2=2e-7
sw_vcsp.s1a n6 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1amod
sw_vcsp.s1b n13 n12 n13 n8 = model=s1bmod
sw_vcsp.s2a n6 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2amod
sw_vcsp.s2b n13 n15 n14 n13 = model=s2bmod
```

```
v.vbat n22 n19 = dc=1
```

```
equations {
i (n51->n50) +=iscl
iscl: v(n51,n50) = (((v(n5,n51))/(1e-9+abs(v(n5,n51)))))*((abs(v(n5,n51))*1e6/250)** 2.5))
}
}
```



FDS5672 N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

SPICE Thermal Model

REV June 2005
 FDS5672_JA Junction Ambient
 Copper Area = 1sq.in

CTHERM1 TH 8 2e-3
 CTHERM2 8 7 5e-3
 CTHERM3 7 6 1e-2
 CTHERM4 6 5 4e-2
 CTHERM5 5 4 9e-2
 CTHERM6 4 3 2e-1
 CTHERM7 3 2 1
 CTHERM8 2 TL 3

RTHERM1 TH 8 1e-1
 RTHERM2 8 7 5e-1
 RTHERM3 7 6 1
 RTHERM4 6 5 5
 RTHERM5 5 4 8
 RTHERM6 4 3 12
 RTHERM7 3 2 18
 RTHERM8 2 TL 25

SABER Thermal Model

SABER thermal model FDS5672
 Copper Area = 1sq.in
 template thermal_model th tl
 thermal_c th, tl

```
{
ctherm.ctherm1 th 8 =2e-3
ctherm.ctherm2 8 7 =5e-3
ctherm.ctherm3 7 6 =1e-2
ctherm.ctherm4 6 5 =4e-2
ctherm.ctherm5 5 4 =9e-2
ctherm.ctherm6 4 3 =2e-1
ctherm.ctherm7 3 2 =1
ctherm.ctherm8 2 tl =3
}
```

```
rrtherm.rtherm1 th 8 =1e-1
rtherm.rtherm2 8 7 =5e-1
rtherm.rtherm3 7 6 =1
rtherm.rtherm4 6 5 =5
rtherm.rtherm5 5 4 =8
rtherm.rtherm6 4 3 =12
rtherm.rtherm7 3 2 =18
rtherm.rtherm8 2 tl =25
}
```

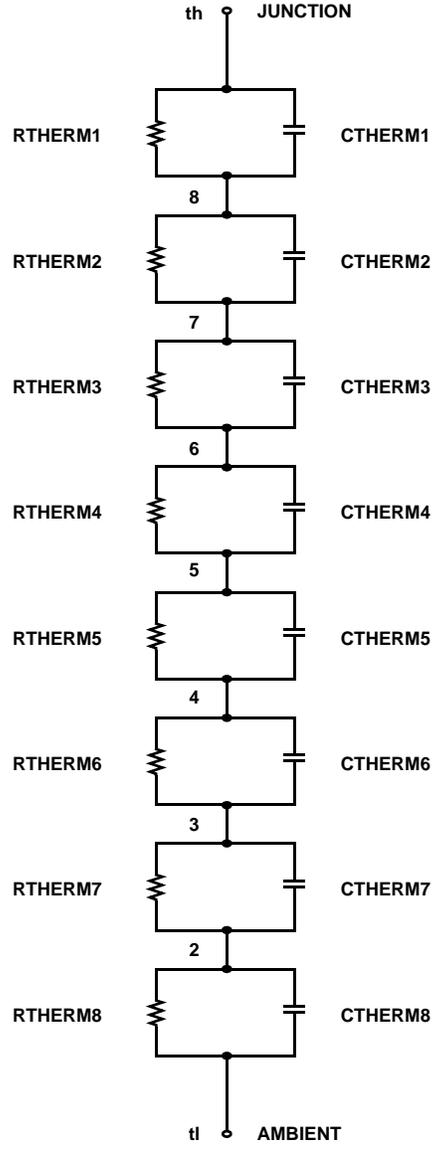


TABLE 1. THERMAL MODELS

COMPONANT	0.04 in ²	0.28 in ²	0.52 in ²	0.76 in ²	1.0 in ²
CTHERM6	1.2e-1	1.5e-1	2.0e-1	2.0e-1	2.0e-1
CTHERM7	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
CTHERM8	1.3	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.0
RTHERM6	26	20	15	13	12
RTHERM7	39	24	21	19	18
RTHERM8	55	38.7	31.3	29.7	25

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Bottomless™	FASTR™	ISOPLANAR™	PowerEdge™	SuperSOT™-3
CoolFET™	FPST™	LittleFET™	PowerSaver™	SuperSOT™-6
CROSSVOLT™	FRFET™	MICROCOUPLER™	PowerTrench®	SuperSOT™-8
DOME™	GlobalOptoisolator™	MicroFET™	QFET®	SyncFET™
EcoSPARK™	GTO™	MicroPak™	QS™	TinyLogic®
E ² CMOS™	HiSeC™	MICROWIRE™	QT Optoelectronics™	TINYOPTO™
EnSigna™	I ² C™	MSX™	Quiet Series™	TruTranslation™
FACT™	<i>i-Lo</i> ™	MSXPro™	RapidConfigure™	UHC™
		OCX™	RapidConnect™	UltraFET®
Across the board. Around the world.™		OCXPro™	µSerDes™	UniFET™
The Power Franchise®		OPTOLOGIC®	SILENT SWITCHER®	VCX™
Programmable Active Droop™		OPTOPLANAR™	SMART START™	
		PACMAN™	SPM™	

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